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(54) Title: STARCH BRANCHING ENZYME II OF POTATO

#### (57) Abstract

The present invention relates to an amino acid sequence of second starch branching enzyme (SBE II) of potato and a fragment thereof as well as to the corresponding isolated DNA sequences. Furthermore, the invention relates to vectors comprising such an isolated DNA sequence, to processes for production of transgenic potatoes, and to the use of said potatoes for the production of starch. The starch obtained will show a changed pattern of branching of amylopectin as well as a changed amylose/amylopectin ratio.

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### STARCH BRANCHING ENZYME II OF POTATO

The present invention relates to a novel starch branching enzyme of potato. More specifically, the present invention relates to an amino acid sequence of a second starch branching enzyme (SBE II) of potato and a fragment thereof as well as their corresponding DNA sequences. Furthermore, the invention relates to vectors comprising such DNA sequences, to processes for production of transgenic potatoes, and to the use of said potatoes for the production of starch.

Starch is a complex mixture of different molecule forms differing in degree of polymerization and branching of the glucose chains. Starch consists of amylose and amylopectin, whereby the amylose consists of an essentially linear  $\alpha$ -1,4-glucan and amylopectin consists of  $\alpha$ -1,4-glucans connected to each other via  $\alpha$ -1,6-linkages and, thus, forming a branched polyglucan. Thus, starch is not a uniform raw material.

Starch is synthesized via at least three enzymatic reactions in which ADP glucose phosphorylase (EC 2.7.7.27), starch synthase (EC 2.4.1.21) and starch branching enzyme (EC 2.4.1.18) are involved. Starch branching enzyme (SBE, also called Q-enzyme) is believed to have two different enzymatic activities. It catalyzes both the hydrolysis of  $\alpha$ -1,4-glucosidic bonds and the formation of  $\alpha$ -1,6-glucosidic bonds during synthesis of the branched component in starch, i.e. amylopectin.

Plant starch is a valuable source of renewable raw material used in, for example, the chemical industry (Visser and Jacobsen, 1993). However, the quality of the starch has to meet the demands of the processing industry wherein uniformity of structure is an important criterion. For industrial application there is a need of plants only containing amylose starch and plants only containing amylopectin starch, respectively.

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Processes for altering the amylose/amylopectin ratio in starch have already been proposed. For example, in W095/04826 there is described DNA sequences encoding debranching enzymes with the ability to reduce or increase the degree of branching of amylopectin in transgenic plants, e.g. potatoes.

In W092/14827 plasmids are described having DNA sequences that after insertion into the genome of the plants cause changes in the carbohydrate concentration and the carbohydrate composition in regenerated plants. These changes can be obtained from a sequence of a pranching enzyme that is located on these plasmids. This branching enzyme is proposed to alter the amylose/amylopectin ratio in starch of the plants, especially in commercially used plants.

WO92/14827 describes the only hitherto known starch branching enzyme in potato and within the art it is not known whether other starch branching enzymes are involved in the synthesis of branched starch of potato.

In Mol Gen Genet (1991) 225:289-296, Visser et al., there is described inhibition of the expression of the gene for granule-bound starch synthase in potato by antisense constructs. Inhibition of the enzyme in potato tuber starch was up to 100% in which case amylose-free starch was provided.

However, the prior known methods for inhibiting amylopectin have not been that successful and, therefore, alternative methods for inhibiting amylopectin are still highly desirable (Müller-Röber and Koßmann, 1994; Martin and Smith, 1995).

The object of the present invention is to enable altering the degree of amylopectin branching and the amylopectin/amylose ratio in potato starch.

According to the present invention this object is achieved by providing a novel isolated DNA sequence encoding a second starch branching enzyme, SBE II, and

fragments thereof, which after insertion into the genome of the plants cause changes in said branching degree and ratio in regenerated plants.

Within the scope of the present invention there is also included the amino acid sequence of SBE II and fragments thereof.

Also variants of the above DNA sequence resulting from the degeneracy of the genetic code are encompassed.

The novel DNA sequence encoding SBEII, comprising 3074 nucleotides, as well as the corresponding amino acid sequence comprising 878 amino acids, are shown in SEQ ID No. 1. One 1393 nucleotides long fragment of the above DNA sequence, corresponding to nucleotides 1007 to 2399 of the DNA sequence in SEQ ID No. 1, as well as the corresponding amino acid sequence comprising 464 amino acids, are shown in SEQ ID No. 2.

Furthermore, there are provided vectors comprising said isolated DNA-sequences and regulatory elements active in potato. The DNA sequences may be inserted in the sense or antisense (reversed) orientation in the vectors in relation to a promoter immediately upstream from the DNA sequence.

Also there is provided a process for the production of transgenic potatoes with a reduced degree of branching of amylopectin starch, comprising the following steps:

a) transfer and incorporation of a vector according to the invention into the genome of a potato cell, and b) regeneration of intact, whole plants from the transformed cells.

Finally, the invention provides the use of said transgenic potatoes for the production of starch.

The invention will be described in more detail below in association with an experimental part and the accompanying drawings, in which

Fig. 1 shows SDS polyacrylamide electrophoresis of proteins extracted from starch of normal potato (lane A)

and transgenic potato (lane B). Excised protein bands are marked with arrows. Lane M: Molecular weight marker proteins (kDa).

Fig. 2 shows 4 peptide sequences derived from digested proteins from potato tuber starch.

#### EXPERIMENTAL PART

Isolation of starch from potato tubers

Potato plants (Solanum tuberosum) were grown in the 1.0 field. Peeled tubers from either cv. Early Puritan or from a transgenic potato line essentially lacking granule-bound starch synthase I (Svalöf Weibull AB, international application number PCT/SE91/00892), were homogenized at 4°C in a fruit juicer. To the "juice fraction", which 15 contained a large fraction of the starch, was immediately added Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, to 50 mM, Na-dithionite to 30 mM and ethylenedinitrilotetraacetic acid (EDTA) to 10 mM. The starch granules were allowed to sediment for 30 min and washed 4x with 10 bed volumes of washing buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 10 mM EDTA). The starch, which was left 20 on the bench at +4°C for 30 min to sediment between every wash, was finally washed with  $3 \times 3$  bed volumes of acetone, air dried over night, and stored at -20°C. Extraction of proteins from tuber starch

25 Stored starch (20 g) was continuously mixed with 200 ml extraction buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 2% (w/v) sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), 5 mM EDTA) by aspiration with a pipette at 85°C until the starch was gelatinized. The samples were then frozen at -70°C for 1 hour. After thawing at 50°C, the samples were centrifuged for 20 min at 12,000xg at 10°C. The supernatants were collected and re-centrifuged at 3,000xg for 15 min. The final supernatants were filtered through 0.45 µ filters and 2.25 volumes of ice-cold acetone were added. After 30 min incubation at 4°C, the protein precipitates were collected by centrifugation (3,000xg for 30 min at 4°C), and

dissolved in 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5. An aliquot of each preparation was analyzed by SDS poly-acrylamide gel electrophoresis according to Laemmli (1970) (Fig. 1). The proteins in the remaining portions of the preparations were concentrated by precipitation with trichloroacetic acid (10%) and the proteins were separated on an 8% SDS polyacrylamide gel Laemmli, (1970). The proteins in the gel were stained with Coomassie Brilliant Blue R-250 (0.2% in 20% methanol, 0.5% acetic acid,  $79.5\%~\rm H_2O$ ).

10 In gel digestion and sequencing of peptides

The stained bands marked with arrows in Fig. 1 corresponding to an apparent molecular weight of about 100 kDa were excised and washed twice with 0.2M  $\rm NH_4HCO_3$  in 50% acetonitrile under continuous stirring at 35°C for 20 min.

- After each washing, the liquid was removed and the gel pieces were allowed to dry by evaporation in a fume hood. The completely dried gel pieces were then separately placed on parafilm and 2  $\mu$ l of 0.2M NH<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, 0.02% Tween-20 were added. Modified trypsin (Promega, Madison,
- WI,USA) (0.25  $\mu g$  in 2  $\mu l$ ) was sucked into the gel pieces whereafter 0.2M NH<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> was added in 5  $\mu l$  portions until they had resumed their original sizes. The gel slices were further divided into three pieces and transferred to an Eppendorf tube. 0.2M NH<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (200  $\mu l$ ) was added and the
- proteins contained in the gel pieces were digested over night at 37°C (Rosenfeld et al. 1992). After completed digestion, trifluoroacetic acid was added to 1% and the supernatants removed and saved. The gel pieces were further extracted twice with 60% acetonitrile, 0.1% tri-
- fluoroacetic acid (200  $\mu$ l) under continuous shaking at 37°C for 20 min. The two supernatants from these extractions were combined with the first supernatant. The gel pieces were finally washed with 60% acetonitrile, 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid, 0.02% Tween-20 (200  $\mu$ l). Also these
- 35 supernatants were combined with the other supernatants and the volume was reduced to 50  $\mu l$  by evaporation. The

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extracted peptides were separated on a SMART® chromategraphy system (Pharmacia, Uppsala, Sweden) equipped with a  $\mu$ RPC C2/C18 SC2.1/10 column. Peptides were eluted with a gradient of 0 - 60% acetonitrile in water/0.1% trifluoroacetic acid over 60 min with a flow rate of 100  $\mu$ l/min. Peptides were sequenced either on an Applied Biosystems 470A gas phase sequenator with an on line PTH-amino acid analyzer (120A) or on a model 476A according to the instructions of the manufacturer (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA).

Four of the peptides sequenced gave easily interpretable sequences (Fig. 2). A data base search revealed that these four peptides displayed similarity to starch branching enzymes and interestingly, the peptides were more related to starch branching enzyme II from other plant species than to starch branching enzyme I from potato.

Construction of oligonucleotides encoding peptides 1 and 2.

Degenerated oligonucleotides encoding peptide 1 and peptide 2 were synthesized as forward and reverse primers, respectively:

Oligonucleotide 1: 5'-gtaaaacgacggccagt-TTYGGNGTNTGGGARATHTT-3' (Residues 2 to 8 of peptide 1)

Oligonucleotide 2: 5'-aattaaccctcactaaaggg-CKRTCRAAYTCYTGIARNCC-3' (Residues 2 to 8 of peptide 2, reversed strand) wherein

H is A, C or T, I is inosine; K is G or T; N is A, C, G or T; R is A or G; Y is C or T; bases in lower case were added as tag sequences.

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Purification of mRNA from potato tuber, synthesis of cDNA and PCR amplification of a cDNA fragment corresponding to potato starch branching enzyme II.

Total RNA from mature potato tubers ( $S.\ tuberosum\ cv.$  Amanda) was isolated as described (Logemann et al. 1987). First strand cDNA was synthesized using 2  $\mu g$  of total RNA and 60 pmol of oligo- $dT_{30}$  as downstream primer. The primer was annealed to the polyA of the mRNA at 60°C for 5 min. The extension of the cDNA was performed according to the technical manual of the manufacturer using the Ribcclone CDNA Synthesis System M-MLV (H-) (Promega).

cDNA encoding the novel starch branching enzyme II according to the invention was amplified in a Perkin-Elmer GeneAmp® 9600 PCR thermocycler (Perkin-Elmer Cetus

- Instruments, CT, USA) using the two degenerate primers designed from the peptides 1 and 2 (see above) under the following conditions: 1 mM dNTP, 1  $\mu$ M of each primer and an alicot of the cDNA described above in a total reaction volume of 20  $\mu$ l with 1x AmpliTag® buffer and 0,8 U
- AmpliTaq® (Perkin-Elmer Cetus). The cycling conditions were: 96°C for 1', 80°C while the enzyme was added as a hotstart (approximately 15'), an unintended drop to 25°C, five cycles of 94°C for 20", 45°C for 1', ramp to 72°C for 1' and 72°C for 2', and 30 cycles of 94°C for 5", 45°C for
- 30", and 72°C for (2'+2" per cycle) and completed with 72°C for 10' prior to chilling to 4°C.

A sample of this reaction (0.1  $\mu$ l) was reamplified using the cycling conditions: 96°C for 1', 80°C while the enzyme was added as a hotstart (approximately 5'), five cycles of 94°C for 20'', 45°C for 1', and 72°C for 2', and 25 cycles of 94°C for 5'', 45°C for 30'', and 72°C for (2' + 2'' per cycle) and completed with 72°C for 10' prior to chilling to 4°C. After completion of the PCR amplification, the reaction was loaded on a 1.5% Seakem agarose gel (FMC Bioproducts, Rockland, ME, USA). After

agarose gel (FMC Bioproducts, Rockland, ME, USA). After electrophoresis and staining with ethidium bromide a major

band with an apparent size of 1500 bp was exclsed and the fragment was eluted by shaking in water (200  $\mu l$ ) for 1 h. This fragment was used as template in sequencing reactions after reamplification using primers corresponding to the tag sequences (in oligonucleotides 1 and 2), purification by agarose gel electrophoresis as above and extraction from the gel using the  $Qiaex^{\oplus}$  gel extraction kit according to the manufacturer's instructions (DIAGEN GmbH, Hilden, Germany). The sequencing reactions were done using the 10 DyeDeoxy® Terminator Cycle Sequencing kits (Perkin-Elmer Cetus Instruments) using tag sequences and internal primers. The sequencing reaction were analyzed on an Applied Biosystems 373A DNA sequencer according to the manufacturer's protocols. The sequence was edited and 15 comprised 1393 bp.

To complete the determination of the sequence of starch branching enzyme II, the 5' and 3' ends of the full length cDNA were amplified from the same total RNA as above using rapid amplification of cDNA ends, RACE, methodology with specific primers from the 1393 bp 20 sequence. In the 3' end amplification, an oligo  $T_{14}G$  primer was used against the poly A tail and in the 5 end, the 5'/3' RACE kit from Boehringer Mannheim (Cat. No. 1734792) was used. The fragments from these amplifications were 25 sequenced in the same way as above using internal and end primers. The sequences from the two ends were aligned together with the 1393 base pairs to give a composite full length cDNA sequence. Primers were designed from this sequence to amplify the whole coding region is one part. 30 Partial sequencing of the amplified coding cDNA confirmed the presence of a cDNA corresponding to the composite sequence. The full length cDNA is 3074 bp and the translated sequence comprises 878 amino acids. The mature protein comprises 830 amino acids.

35 Comparisons of the consensus sequence with the EMBL and GenBank databases showed 68% identity to potate starch

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branching enzyme I and about 80% identity to starch branching enzyme II from other plant species. The present inventors therefore denote the enzyme encoded by the new branching enzyme sequence potato starch branching enzyme II.

# Transformation of potato plants

The isolated full length cDNA of potato starch branching enzyme II and other functionally active fragments in the range of 50-3 074 bp are cloned in reverse orientation behind promoters active in potato tubers. By the term "functionally active" is meant fragments that will affect the amylose/amylopectin ratio in potato starch. The DNA and amino acid sequence of SBE II according to the invention as well as one fragment of the DNA and corresponding amino acid sequence are shown in SEQ ID No. 1 and 2, respectively.

The promoters are selected from, for example, the patatin promoter, the promoter from the potato granule-bound starch synthase I gene or promoters isolated from potato starch branching enzymes I and II genes.

The constructs are cloned by techniques known in the art either in a binary Ti-plasmid vector suitable for transformation of potato mediated by Agrobacterium tumefaciens, or in a vector suitable for direct

transformation using ballistic techniques or electroporation. It is realized that the sense (see below) and antisense constructs must contain all necessary regulatory elements.

Transgenic potato plants transcribe the inverse starch branching enzyme II construct specifically in tubers, leading to antisense inhibition of the enzyme. A reduction and changed pattern of the branching of amylopectin as well as a changed amylose/amylopectin ratio thereby occur in tuber starch.

35 The antisense construct for potato starch branching enzyme II is also used in combination with antisense

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constructs for potato starch branching enzyme I, for potato granule-bound starch synthase II, for potato soluble starch synthases II and III, for potato starch disproportionating enzyme (D-enzyme) or for potato starch debranching enzyme to transform potato to change the degree of branching of amylopectin and the amylose/amylopectin ratio. This gives new and valuable raw material to the starch processing industry.

The full-length cDNA sequence encoding the enzyme is,
in different constructs, cloned in sense orientation
behind one or more of the promoters mentioned above, and
the constructs are transferred into suitable transformation vectors as described above and used for the
transformation of potato. Regenerated transformed potato
plants will produce an excess of starch branching enzyme
II in the tubers leading to an increased degree and
changed pattern of branching of amylopectin or to
inhibition of transcription of endogenous starch branching
enzyme II transcription due to co-suppression, resulting
in a decreased branching of amylopectin.

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# SEO ID No. 1

Sequenced molecule: cDNA
Name: beII gene (branching enzyme II) from Solanum
tuberosum (potato)
Length of sequence: 3074 bp

CTCA	GCAA'	TT TO CC A	GACA( ACCA)	CTCAC AGGAI TAT	G TTA A TGA ACA	AGTTA AATAA CTC	CAC AAA TCT	TNC GATA GGA	CATC! AGAT! GTT	ACT : TTG : CGT	CATAI CAAAI TTT	AGATO AACCO CCT	CT CT CT AZ ACT	TATT AGGA GTT		60 120 180 230
			AAA ' Lys :					Ser					Arg .			278
			TCT Ser				Lys									326
			<b>AA</b> G Lys													374
			GGG Gly													422
TCA Ser	TCC Ser	TCA Ser	ACA Thr	GAC Asp 35	CAA Gln	TTT Phe	<b>GA</b> G Glu	TTC Phe	ACT Thr 40	GAG Glu	ACA Thr	TCT Ser	CCA Pro	GAA Glu 45	AAT Asn	470
TCC Ser	CCA Pro	GCA Ala	TCA Ser 50	ACT Thr	GAT Asp	GTA Val	GAT Asp	AGT Ser 55	TCA Ser	ACA Thr	ATG Met	GAA Glu	CAC His 60	GCT Ala	AGC Ser	518
			ACT Thr													566
		Val	G <b>AA</b> Glu									Gln				614
	Gly		CTG Leu			Ser					Thr					662
					Asp					Arg					CC1	710
				Lys					. Asp					Asr	TAT	758
			s Lev					r Ser					s Lei		G GAG g Glu	806

GCA Ala	ATT Ile 160	Asp	AAG Lys	TAT	GAC	GGT Gly 165	, GT?	TTO Leu	GAA Glu	GCI Ala	TTT Phe 170	Se:	r CG	r GG7 g Gly	TAT Tyr	854
GAA Glu 175	AAA Lys	ATG Met	GGI	TTC Phe	Thr	Arg	AGI Ser	GCT Ala	ACA Thr	GGT Gly 185	/ Ile	ACT Thi	TAC Tyi	C CG1	GAG Glu 190	902
TGG Trp	GCT Ala	CCT	GIY	GCC Ala 195	Gln	TCA Ser	GCT Ala	GCC Ala	CTC Leu 200	Ile	GGP Gly	Asp Asp	TTC Phe	205	AAT Asn	950
TGG Trp	GAC Asp	GCA Ala	AAT Asn 210	Ala	GAC Asp	ATT	ATG Met	ACT Thr 215	Arg	AAT Asn	GAA	TTI Phe	GGI Gly 220	v Val	TGG Trp	998
GAG Glu	ATT Ile	TTT Phe 225	CTG Leu	Pro	AAT Asn	AAT Asn	GTG Val 230	Asp	GGT Gly	TCT Ser	CCT Pro	GCA Ala 235	Ile	CCT	CAT His	1046
GGG Gly	TCC Ser 240	AGA Arg	GTG Val	<b>AA</b> G Lys	ATA Ile	CGT Arg 245	ATG <b>Me</b> t	GAC Asp	ACT Thr	CCA Pro	TCA Ser 250	Gly	GTI Val	AAG Lys	GAT Asp	1094
TCC Ser 255	ATT Ile	CCT Pro	GCT Ala	TGG Trp	ATC Ile 260	AAC Asn	TAC Tyr	TCT Ser	TTA Leu	CAG Gln 265	Leu	CCT Pro	GAT Asp	GAA Glu	ATT Ile 270	1142
CCA Pro	TAT Tyr	AAT Asn	GGA Gly	ATA Ile 275	TAT Tyr	TAT Tyr	GAT Asp	CCA Pro	CCC Pro 280	GAA Glu	GAG Glu	GAG Glu	AGG Arg	TAT Tyr 285	ATC Ile	1190
TTC Phe	CAA Gln	CAC His	CCA Pro 290	CGG Arg	CCA Pro	AAG Lys	AAA Lys	CCA Pro 295	AAG Lys	TCG Ser	CTG Leu	AGA Arg	ATA Ile 300	TAT Tyr	GAA Glu	1238
TCT Ser	CAT His	ATT Ile 305	GGA Gly	ATG Met	AGT Ser	AGT Ser	CCG Pro 310	GAG Glu	CCT Pro	AAA Lys	ATT Ile	AAC Asn 315	TCA Ser	TAC Tyr	GTG Val	1286
AAT Asn	TTT Phe 320	AGA Arg	GAT Asp	GAA Glu	GTT Val	CTT Leu 325	CCT Pro	CGC Arg	ATA Ile	AAA Lys	AAG Lys 330	CTT Leu	GGG Gly	TAC Tyr	AAT Asn	1334
GCG ( Ala 1 335	GTG Val	CAA Glr.	ATT Ile	ATG Met	GCT Ala 340	ATT Ile	CAA Gln	GAG Glu	CAT His	TCT Ser 345	TAT Tyr	TAT Tyr	GCT Ala	AGT Ser	TTT Phe 350	1382
GGT (	TAT Tyr	CAT His	GTC Val	ACA Thr 355	AAT Asn	TTT Phe	TTN Xaa	GCA Ala	CCA Pro 360	AGC Ser	AGC Ser	CGT Arg	TTT Phe	GGA Gly 365	ACN Thr	1430
CCC (	GAC Asp	Asp	CTT Leu 370	<b>AA</b> G Lys	TCT Ser	TTG Leu	ATT Ile	GAT Asp 375	AAA Lys	GCT Ala	CAT His	<b>GAG</b> Glu	CTA Leu 380	GGA Gly	ATT Ile	1478
GTT (	/al	CTC . Leu : 385	ATG Met	GAC Asp	ATT Ile	Val	CAC His 390	AGC Ser	CAT His	GCA Ala	TCA Ser	AAT Asn 395	AAT Asn	ACT Thr	TTA Leu	1526
GAT (	GA ( Sly :	CTG :	AAC Asn	ATG Met	Phe	GAC Asp 405	GGC Gly	ACA Thr	GAT Asp	AGT Ser	TGT Cys 410	TAC Tyr	TTT Phe	CAC His	TCT Ser	1574

GGA	GCT	CGT	GGT	TAT	CAT	TGG	ATG	TGG	GAT	TCC	CGC	CIC	TTT	AAC	TAT	1622
Gly	Ala	Arg	Gly	Tyr	His	Trp	Met	Trp	Asp	Ser	Arg	Leu	Phe	Asn	Tyr	
415					420					425					430	
GGA	AAC	TGG	GAG	GTA	CTT	AGG	TAT	CII	CTC	TCA	AAT	GCG	AGA	TGG	TGG	1670
Gly	Asn	Trp	Glu	Val	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asn	Ala	Arg	Trp	Trp	
				435					440				_	445	-	
TTG	GAT	GAG	TTC	AAA	TTT	GAT	GGA	TTT	AGA	TTT	GAT	GGT	GTG	ACA	TCA	1718
Leu	Asp	Glu	Phe	Lys	Phe	Asp	Gly	Phe	Arg	Phe	Asp	Gly	Val	Thr	Ser	
	•		450	-		•	-	455			•	•	460			
ATG	ATG	TAT	ACT	CAC	CAC	GGA	TTA	TCG	GTG	GGA	TTC	ACT	GGG	AAC	TAC	1766
	Met															2.00
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GAG	GAA	TAC	TTT	GGA	CTC	GCA	ACT	GAT	GTG	GAT	GCT	GTT	GTG	TAT	CTG	1814
	Glu															1014
	480	-1-		1		485					490			- 1 -	200	
ATG	CTG	GTC	AAC	GAT	CTT	ATT	CAT	GGG	CTT	TTC	CCA	GAT	GCA	ATT	ACC	1862
	Leu															1002
495					500			<b>0</b> 27		505		, wp			510	
.,,					•••										310	
דדמ	GGT	440	CAT	द्धाः	<b>ACC</b>	GC1	ATG	ccc	aca	ттт	ידיאידי	እጥጥ		Curin	CBB	1910
	Gly															1910
116	Gry	014	nop	515	501	O <sub>1</sub>	riec	110	520	Line	A44	116	FLO	525	GIII	
				515					320					323		
CAT	GGG	GGT	GTT	GGC	بالعدان	GAC	тат	ccc	CTG	САТ	ATG	CCZ	ስ <b>ግ</b> ሞጉ	CCT	CAT	1958
	Gly															1936
μp	Gry	911	530	Ory	1116	ASP	-7-	535	Dec	1113	Mec	AL a	540	A.a	Asp	
			330					333					340			
***																
	77.4	ىلىن 🔻	CAG	ى بىلمك	~~~	AAC	444	CCC	CAT	CAC	CDT	TCC	ACA.	CTC	CCT	2006
														GTG Val		2006
	Trp	Ile					Lys					Trp				2006
																2006
Lys	Trp	11e 545	Glu	Leu	Leu	Lys	Lys 550	Arg	Asp	Glu	Asp	Trp 555	Arg	Val	Gly	
Lys GAT	Trp	Ile 545 GTT	Glu CAT	Leu ACA	Leu CTG	Lys	Lys 550 AAT	Arg AGA	Asp	Glu TGG	Asp TCG	Trp 555 GAA	Arg AAG	Val	Gly GTT	2006
Lys GAT	Trp ATT Ile	Ile 545 GTT	Glu CAT	Leu ACA	Leu CTG	Lys ACA Thr	Lys 550 AAT	Arg AGA	Asp	Glu TGG	Asp TCG Ser	Trp 555 GAA	Arg AAG	Val	Gly GTT	
Lys GAT	Trp	Ile 545 GTT	Glu CAT	Leu ACA	Leu CTG	Lys	Lys 550 AAT	Arg AGA	Asp	Glu TGG	Asp TCG	Trp 555 GAA	Arg AAG	Val	Gly GTT	
Lys GAT Asp	ATT Ile 560	Ile 545 GTT Val	Glu CAT His	Leu ACA Thr	Leu CTG Leu	ACA Thr 565	Lys 550 AAT Asn	Arg AGA Arg	Asp AGA Arg	Glu TGG Trp	TCG Ser 570	Trp 555 GAA Glu	Arg AAG Lys	Val TGT Cys	Gly GTT Val	2 <b>054</b>
Lys GAT Asp TCA	Trp ATT Ile 560 TAC	Ile 545 GTT Val	Glu CAT His	Leu ACA Thr	Leu CTG Leu CAT	ACA Thr 565 GAT	Lys 550 AAT Asn	Arg AGA Arg GCT	Asp AGA Arg CTA	Glu TGG Trp	TCG Ser 570 GGT	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT	Arg AAG Lys AAA	Val TGT Cys	Gly GTT Val	
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser	ATT Ile 560	Ile 545 GTT Val	Glu CAT His	Leu ACA Thr	Leu CTG Leu CAT His	ACA Thr 565 GAT	Lys 550 AAT Asn	Arg AGA Arg GCT	Asp AGA Arg CTA	Glu TGG Trp GTC Val	TCG Ser 570 GGT	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT	Arg AAG Lys AAA	Val TGT Cys	GTT Val	2 <b>054</b>
Lys GAT Asp TCA	Trp ATT Ile 560 TAC	Ile 545 GTT Val	Glu CAT His	Leu ACA Thr	Leu CTG Leu CAT	ACA Thr 565 GAT	Lys 550 AAT Asn	Arg AGA Arg GCT	Asp AGA Arg CTA	Glu TGG Trp	TCG Ser 570 GGT	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT	Arg AAG Lys AAA	Val TGT Cys	Gly GTT Val	2 <b>054</b>
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Åla	Glu CAT His GAA Glu	ACA Thr AGT Ser	CTG Leu CAT His 580	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala	Asp AGA Arg CTA Leu	TGG Trp GTC Val 585	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT Asp	Arg AAG Lys AAA Lys	TGT Cys ACT Thr	GTT Val ATA Ile 590	20 <b>54</b> 2102
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Ala	CAT His GAA Glu	ACA Thr AGT Ser	CTG Leu CAT His 580	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln	AGA Arg GCT Ala	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT Asp	Arg  AAG Lys  AAA Lys	TGT Cys ACT Thr	GTT Val  ATA lle 590  GAT	2 <b>054</b>
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Ala	CAT His GAA Glu	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met	CTG Leu CAT His 580	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln	AGA Arg GCT Ala	Asp AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT Asp	Arg  AAG Lys  AAA Lys	TGT Cys ACT Thr	GTT Val  ATA lle 590  GAT	20 <b>54</b> 2102
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Ala	CAT His GAA Glu	ACA Thr AGT Ser	CTG Leu CAT His 580	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln	AGA Arg GCT Ala	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT Asp	Arg  AAG Lys  AAA Lys	TGT Cys ACT Thr	GTT Val  ATA lle 590  GAT	20 <b>54</b> 2102
GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala	Trp  ATT Ile 560  TAC Tyr  TTC Phe	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Ala TGG	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met 595	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT Asp	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met	AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600	Glu TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met	AAG Lys AAA Lys GCT Ala	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605	GTT Val ATA 11e 590 GAT Asp	20 <b>54</b> 2102 2150
GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Åla TGG Trp	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met 595	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 6000	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met	AAAA Lys GCT Ala	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605	GTT Val  ATA 11e 590 GAT Asp	20 <b>54</b> 2102
GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala	Trp  ATT Ile 560  TAC Tyr  TTC Phe	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Åla TGG Trp	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met 595	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 6000	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605	GTT Val  ATA 11e 590 GAT Asp	20 <b>54</b> 2102 2150
GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Åla TGG Trp	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met 595	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 6000	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe	Trp 555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met	AAAA Lys GCT Ala	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605	GTT Val  ATA 11e 590 GAT Asp	20 <b>54</b> 2102 2150
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala AGA Arg	ATT Ile 5600 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Åla TGG Trp TCA Ser	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met 595 TCA Ser	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT Asp GAT Asp	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe	Trp 5555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605	GTT Val ATA 11e 590 GAT Asp	20 <b>54</b> 2102 2150 21 <b>98</b>
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala AGA Arg	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Åla TGG Trp TCA Ser	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met 595 TCA Ser ACT	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp TTA Leu	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys ATA Ile	Lys 550  AAT Asn  CAA Gln  GAT Asp  GAT Asp	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe GCA Ala	Trp 5555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met TTG Leu TAC	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620 CTA	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605 AAG Lys	GIY GTT Val ATA Ile 590 GAT Asp ATG Met	20 <b>54</b> 2102 2150
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala AGA Arg	ATT Ile 5600 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Åla TGG Trp TCA Ser CTT Leu	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met 595 TCA Ser ACT	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp TTA Leu	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys ATA Ile	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT Asp GAT Asp	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe GCA Ala	Trp 5555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met TTG Leu	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620 CTA	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605 AAG Lys	GIY GTT Val ATA Ile 590 GAT Asp ATG Met	20 <b>54</b> 2102 2150 21 <b>98</b>
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala AGA Arg	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Åla TGG Trp TCA Ser	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met 595 TCA Ser ACT	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp TTA Leu	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys ATA Ile	Lys 550  AAT Asn  CAA Gln  GAT Asp  GAT Asp	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe GCA Ala	Trp 5555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met TTG Leu TAC	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620 CTA	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605 AAG Lys	GIY GTT Val ATA Ile 590 GAT Asp ATG Met	20 <b>54</b> 2102 2150 21 <b>98</b>
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala AGA Arg	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Åla TGG Trp TCA Ser CTT Leu 625	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610 GTA Val	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met 595 TCA Ser ACT Thr	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp TTA Leu ATG Met	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys ATA Ile	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT Asp TTA Leu 630	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly GGA Gly	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp ATA Ile	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe GCA Ala	Trp 5555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met TTG Leu TAC Tyr 635	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620 CTA Leu	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605 AAG Lys	GTT Val ATA 11e 590 GAT Asp ATG Met	2054 2102 2150 2198 2246
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala AGA Arg ATT Ile	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Ala TGG Trp TCA Ser CTT Leu 625	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610 GTA Val	ACA Thr  AGT Ser  ATG Met 595 TCA Ser  ACT Thr	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp TTA Leu ATG Met	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys ATA Ile GGA Gly	Lys 5500 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT Asp TTA Leu 630 .CCT	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615 GGA Gly	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly GGA Gly	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp ATA Ile GAA Glu	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe GCA Ala GGG Gly	Trpp 5555  GAA Glu  GAT Asp  ATG Met  TTG Leu  TAC Tyr 635  TTC	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620 CTA Leu CCT	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605 AAG Lys	GIY  GTT Val  ATA Ile 590  GAT Asp  ATG Met  TTC Phe	20 <b>54</b> 2102 2150 21 <b>98</b>
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala AGA Arg ATT Ile	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro AGG Arg	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Ala TGG Trp TCA Ser CTT Leu 625	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610 GTA Val	ACA Thr  AGT Ser  ATG Met 595 TCA Ser  ACT Thr	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp TTA Leu ATG Met	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys ATA Ile GGA Gly	Lys 5500 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT Asp TTA Leu 630 .CCT	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615 GGA Gly	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly GGA Gly	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp ATA Ile GAA Glu	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe GCA Ala GGG Gly	Trpp 5555  GAA Glu  GAT Asp  ATG Met  TTG Leu  TAC Tyr 635  TTC	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620 CTA Leu CCT	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605 AAG Lys	GIY  GTT Val  ATA Ile 590  GAT Asp  ATG Met  TTC Phe	2054 2102 2150 2198 2246
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala AGA Arg ATT Ile	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Ala TGG Trp TCA Ser CTT Leu 625	CAT His GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610 GTA Val	ACA Thr  AGT Ser  ATG Met 595 TCA Ser  ACT Thr	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp TTA Leu ATG Met	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys ATA Ile GGA Gly	Lys 5500 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT Asp TTA Leu 630 .CCT	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615 GGA Gly	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly GGA Gly	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp ATA Ile GAA Glu	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe GCA Ala GGG Gly	Trpp 5555  GAA Glu  GAT Asp  ATG Met  TTG Leu  TAC Tyr 635  TTC	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620 CTA Leu CCT	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605 AAG Lys	GIY  GTT Val  ATA Ile 590  GAT Asp  ATG Met  TTC Phe	2054 2102 2150 2198 2246
Lys  GAT Asp  TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala  AGA Arg  ATT Ile  ATG Met	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro AGG Arg GGA Gly 640	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Ala TGG Trp TCA Ser CTT Leu 625 AAT Asn	GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610 GTA Val	ACA Thr AGT Ser ATG Met 595 TCA Ser ACT Thr	CTG Leu CAT His 580 GAC Asp TTA Leu ATG Met GGC Gly	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys ATA Ile GGA Gly CAC	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT Asp TTA Leu 630 CCT Pro	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615 GGA Gly GAG Glu	Asp AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly TGG Trp	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp ATA Ile GAA Glu ATT Ile	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe GCA Ala GGG Gly GAT Asp 650	Trp 5555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met TTG Leu TAC Tyr 635	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620 CTA Leu CCT Pro	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605 AAG Lys AAT Asn	GIY GTT Val ATA Ile 590 GAT Asp ATG Met TTC Phe GCT Ala	2054 2102 2150 2198 2246
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala AGA Arg ATT Ile ATG Met	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro AGG Arg GGA Gly 640 CAA	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Ala TGG Trp TCA Ser CTT Leu 625 AAT Asn	GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610 GTA Val GAA Glu	ACA Thr  AGT Ser  ATG Met 595 TCA Ser  ACT Thr  TTC Phe	CAT His 580 GAC Asp TTA Leu ATG Met GGC Gly	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys ATA Ile GGA Gly CAC His 645	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT Asp TTA Leu 630 CCT Pro	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615 GGA Gly GAG Glu	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly TGG Trp	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp ATA Ile GAA Glu ATT Ile	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe GCA Ala GGG Gly GAT Asp 650	Trp 5555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met TTG Leu TAC Tyr 635 TTC Phe	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620 CTA Leu CCT Pro	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605 AAG Lys AAT Asn AGG Arg	GIY  GTT Val  ATA Ile 590  GAT Asp  ATG Met  TTC Phe  GCT Ala  AGT	2054 2102 2150 2198 2246
Lys GAT Asp TCA Ser 575 GCA Ala AGA Arg ATT Ile ATG Met	ATT Ile 560 TAC Tyr TTC Phe CCN Pro AGG Arg GGA Gly 640 CAA Gln	Ile 545 GTT Val GCT Ala TGG Trp TCA Ser CTT Leu 625 AAT Asn	GAA Glu CTG Leu ACA Thr 610 GTA Val GAA Glu	ACA Thr  AGT Ser  ATG Met 595 TCA Ser  ACT Thr  TTC Phe	CAT His 580 GAC Asp TTA Leu ATG Met GGC Gly	ACA Thr 565 GAT Asp AAG Lys ATA Ile GGA Gly CAC His 645	Lys 550 AAT Asn CAA Gln GAT Asp TTA Leu 630 CCT Pro	Arg AGA Arg GCT Ala ATG Met CGT Arg 615 GGA Gly GAG Glu	ASP AGA Arg CTA Leu TAT Tyr 600 GGG Gly TGG Trp	TGG Trp GTC Val 585 GAT Asp ATA Ile GAA Glu ATT Ile	TCG Ser 570 GGT Gly TTT Phe GCA Ala GGG Gly GAT Asp 650	Trp 5555 GAA Glu GAT Asp ATG Met TTG Leu TAC Tyr 635 TTC Phe	AAAA Lys GCT Ala CAC His 620 CTA Leu CCT Pro	TGT Cys ACT Thr CTG Leu 605 AAG Lys AAT Asn AGG Arg	GIY  GTT Val  ATA Ile 590  GAT Asp  ATG Met  TTC Phe  GCT Ala  AGT	2054 2102 2150 2198 2246

WO	97	/200	040	

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	PCT/S	E96/01558
	TTA Leu	2390
CTT Leu	GAA Glu	2438
CGA Arg		2486

/20040														•	PC	T/SE96/0
TAT	GAI	AAA	TGC	AG	A CGC	AGA	TTT	GA(	CTC	GGA	GA1	GCA	GAA	TAT	מידים י	2390
ıyr	ASP	ь туѕ	cys	675	g Aro	j Arg	Phe	Asp	680	Gly	/ Asp	> Ala	Glu	Tyr 685	Leu	
AGA	TAC	CGT	GGG	TTO	CAA	GAA	TTT	GAC	: CGG	GCT	ATO	CAG	TAT	CTT	GAA	2438
Arg	Tyr	Arg	690	Lei	ı Gln	Glu	Phe	Asp 695	Arg	Ala	Met	Gln	Tyr 700	Leu	Glu	2436
CAT	AAA	TAT	GAG	TTT	ATG	ACT	TCA	GAA	CAC	CAG	TTC	ATA	TCA	CGA	AAG	2486
Asp	Lys	Туг 705	Glu	Phe	Met	Thr	Ser 710	Glu	His	Gln	Phe	Ile 715	Ser	Arg	Lys	2400
GAT	GAA	GGA	GAT	AGG	ATG	ATT	GTA	TTT	GAA	AAA	GGA	AAC	СТА	GTT	ጥጥጥ	2534
Asp	Glu 720	Gly	Asp	Arg	Met	Ile 725	Val	Phe	Glu	Lys	Gly 730	Asn	Leu	Val	Phe	2334
GTC	TTT	AAT	TTT	CAC	TGG	ACA	AAA	AGC	TAT	TCA	GAC	TAT	CGC	АТА	GGC	2582
Val 735	Phe	Asn	Phe	His	Trp 740	Thr	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Ser 745	Asp	Tyr	Arg	Ile	Gly 750	2302
TGC	CTG	AAG	CCT	GGA	AAA	TAC	AAG	GIT	GCC	TTG	GAC	TCA	GAT	GAT	CCA	2630
Cys	Leu	Lys	Pro	Gly 755	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Val	Ala 760	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Asp 765	Pro	2030
CTT	TTT	GGT	GGC	TTC	GGG	AGA	ATT	GAT	CAT	AAT	GCC	GAA	TAT	TTC	ACC	2678
Leu .	Phe	Gly	Gly 770	Phe	Gly	Arg	Ile	Asp 775	His	Asn	Ala	Glu	Tyr 780	Phe	Thr	-
TTT (	GAA	GGA	TGG	TAT	GAT	GAT	CGT	CCT	CGT	TCA	ATT	ATG	GTG	TAT	GCA	2721
Phe (	Glu	Gly 785	Trp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Arg 790	Pro	Arg	Ser	Ile	Met 795	Val	Tyr	Ala	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
CCT A	AGT	AGA .	ACA	GCA	GTG	GTC	TAT	GCA	CTA	GTA	GAC	AAA	GAA -	GAA (	GAA	2774
	Ser 300	Arg '	Thr	Ala	Val	Val 805	Тут	Ala	Leu	Val.	Asp 810	Lys	Glu	Glu (	Glu	2
GAA (	GAA .	GAA (	GAA	GTA	GCA	GTA (	GTA (	GAA	GAA (	GTA :	GTA	GTA (	GAA (	GAA (	GAA	2822
Glu ( 815	Glu (	Glu (	Glu '	vaı	Ala 820	Val '	Val (	Glu ·	Glu '	Val 1 825	Val '	Val (	Glu (	Glu (	Glu B30	2022
TGA A	(CGA)	A CTT	rgtg	ATCG	CGT	TGAA	AGA :	ITTG	AAGG	CT AC	CATA	GAGC!	r tct	TGAC	CGTA	2880
TCTGG	CAA!	TA TI	GCA	rcag	тст	rggco	GAA	TTT	CATG	IGA (	CAAA	AGGTT	T GO	CAATI	CTTT	2940
~~.~1	TIT IL	IG IL	70.70	-MMC	G AL	ATACC	X:AG	AGA	א מכויו	Jan C (	T					3000
TCGAT TAAAT	TGT	A TO	TC	M1	- 50.		2000	GCT"	. CAGC	AG C	:TTT	rGCT1	A GI	GAGT	TCTG	3060

## SEO ID No. 2

Sequenced molecule: cDNA
Name: beII gene fragment (branching enzyme II) from
Solanum tuberosum (potato)
Length of sequence: 1393 bp

Lei	G CC u Pro 1	A AA o As	T AA' n As	n Va.	G GAT 1 Ası	r GG p Gl	TC' Y Se	r CC	T GC o Al 1	a Il	T CCT	r CAT	r GG( s Gl;	G TCC y Se:	C AGA r Agg S	49
GTG : Val	AAG Lys	ATA Ile	CGT Arg 20	ATG Met .	GAC .	ACT Thr	CCA '	TCA Ser 25	GGT Gly	GTT Val	AAG ( Lys /	GAT '	rcc : Ser 30	ATT :	CCT Pro	97
GCT Ala	TGG Trp	ATC Ile 35	AAC Asn	TAC Tyr	TCT Ser	TTA Leu	CAG Gln 40	CTT Leu	CCT Pro	GAT Asp	GAA . Glu	ATT Ile 45	CCA Pro	TAT Tyr	AAT Asn	145
GGA Gly	ATA Ile 50	TAT Tyr	TAT Tyr	GAT Asp	CCA Pro	CCC Pro 55	G <b>AA</b> Glu	GAG Glu	GAG Glu	AGG Arg	TAT Tyr 60	ATC Ile	TTC Phe	CAA Gln	CAC H1s	193
Pro 65	Arg	Pro	Lys	Lys	Pro 70	Lys	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ile 75	TAT Tyr	Glu	Ser	Hıs	Ile 8C	241
Gly	Met	Ser	Ser	Pro 85	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ile	Asn 90	Ser	TAC Tyr	Val	Asn	Phe 95	Arg	289
Asp	Glu	Val	Leu 100	Pro	Arg	Ile	Lys	Lys 105	Leu	Gly	TAC Tyr	Asn	Ala 110	Val	Glr	337
ATT Ile	ATG Met	GCT Ala 115	Ile	CAA Gln	GAG Glu	CAT His	TCT Ser 120	TAT Tyr	TAT Tyr	GCT Ala	AGT Ser	TTT Phe 125	GGT Gly	TAT	CAT His	385
GTC Val	ACA Thr 130	Asr	TTT Phe	TTN Xaa	GCA Ala	CCA Pro 135	AGC Ser	AGC Ser	CGT Arg	TTT Phe	GGA Gly 140	ACN Thr	CCC	GAC Asp	GAC: Asp	433
CTT Leu 145	Lys	TCT Se:	TTG Leu	ATT	GAT Asp 150	Lys	GCT Ala	CAT His	GAC Glu	CTA Leu 155	GGA Gly	ATT	GTT Val	GTT Val	CTC Len 160	481
ATC Met	GAC : Asp	AT:	F GT7 ≥ Val	CAC His	Ser	CAT His	Ala	Ser	AA1 Asr 170	Asr	T ACT	TTA	GAT Asp	GGA Gly 175	Leu	529
AA Asr	ATO Met	TT' Ph	T GAG e Ası 180	o Gl;	ACA Thi	A GAT	AGT Ser	TGT Cys 185	з Ту	TT:	CAC His	TCT Ser	GGA Gly 190	/ Ala	CG!	577
GG! Gly	r TA	r CA r Hi 19	s Tr	G ATO	TGC Tr	GAT PASI	TCC Ser 200	r Ar	C CTO	C TT'	e Ası	TAT Ty: 205	Gly	A AAC / Asr	TG3	625
GA Gl	G GT. u Va 21	l Le	T AG	G TA:	r Le	r CTC u Le	⊒ Se	A AA' r As	T GC n Al	G AG a Ar	A TGO g Tr 223	p Tr	G TTO	G GAT u Ası	r GAG o Gli	673

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TT Ph 22	е гу	A TI s Ph	CT GA	AT GG sp Gl	A TT y Ph 23	e Ar	A TT	T GA	T GG p Gl	T GT y Va 23	l Th	A TO	A AT	G AT	G TAT t Tyr 240	•
AC Tn	T CA r Hi	C CA s Hi	.C GC .s G1	A TT y Le 24	u Se	G GT: r Va.	G GG 1 Gly	A TTO y Phe	C AC ⇒ Th. 25	r Gl	G AA y As	C TA n Ty	C GA r Gl	G GA. u Gl: 25:	A TAC u Tyr 5	769
TT Phe	T GG e Gl	A CT y Le	C GC u Al 26	a Th	T GA	T GTO	G GAT	r GCT P Ala 265	ı Val	r gr l Va	G TA' 1 Ty:	T CT	G AT u Me 27	t Lei	G GTC u Val	812
AA 12A	CGA′ nAs <sub>l</sub>	r cr p Le 27	u II	T CAS	r GG( s Gl <sub>)</sub>	G CT:	TTC Phe 280	Pro	A GAT	r GC	A ATT	T ACC = Th: 28!	r Il	r GG1 e Gly	GAA Glu	865
GAT Asr	7 GT 5 Val 290	L Se	C GG r Gl	A ATO y Met	G CCC	ACA Thi	Phe	TNI Xaa	ATI	CCC Pro	C GTT O Val 300	l G1r	A GA:	r GGG Gly	GGT Gly	913
GTT Val 305	. G1)	C TT'	T GA	TAT TY	CGC Arg 310	, Leu	CAT His	'ATG Met	GCA Ala	ATT	e Ala	GAT Asp	AAA Lys	TGG Trp	ATT Ile 320	961
GAG Glu	TTC Leu	CTO Let	Ly:	G AAA S Lys 325	Arg	GAT Asp	GAG Glu	GAT Asp	TGG Trp 330	AGA Arg	GTG Val	GGT Gly	GAT Asp	ATT Ile 335	GTT Val	1019
CAT His	' ACA Thr	CTC Lev	ACA Thi 340	A AAT Asn	AGA Arg	AGA Arg	TGG Trp	TCG Ser 345	GAA Glu	<b>AA</b> G Lys	TGT Cys	GTT Val	TCA Ser 350	Tyr	GCT Ala	1057
Giu	ser	355	, Ast	CAA Gln	Ala	Leu	Val 360	Gly	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ile 365	Ala	Phe	Trp	1105
Leu	370	ASP	› ≟ys	GAT Asp	Met	Туг 375	Asp	Phe	Met	Ala	Leu 380	Asp	Arg	Pro	Ser	1153
385	ser	,eu	ıie	GAT Asp	390	Gly	Ile	Ala	Leu	Hıs 395	Lys	Met	Ile	Arg	Leu 400	1201
vai	inr	met	GIĀ	TTA Leu 405	Gly	Gly	Glu	Gly	Tyr 410	Leu	Asn	Phe	Met	Gly 415	Asn	1249
GIG	riie	GIĄ	420	CCT Pro	GIU	Trp	Ile	<b>Asp</b> 425	Phe	Pro	Arg	Ala	Glu 430	Gln	His	1297
Leu	ser	435	GŁŸ	TCA Ser	Val	Ile	Pro 440	Gly :	Asn	Gln	Phe	Ser 445	Tyr	Asp :	Lys	1345
Cys.	AGA Arg 450	CGG Arg	AGA Arg	TTT Phe	Asp	CTG ( Leu ( 455	GGA (	GAT ( Asp )	GCA ( Ala (	Glu	TAT Tyr 460	TTA . Leu .	AGA Arg	TAC (	CGT Arg	<b>139</b> 3

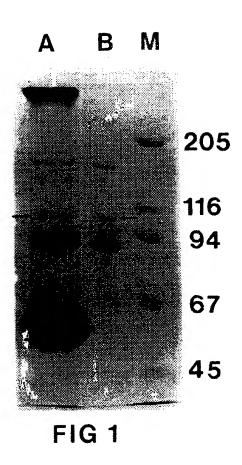
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#### CLAIMS

- 1. An amino acid sequence of starch branching enzyme
  5 II (SBE II) comprising the amino acid sequence as shown in
  SEQ ID No. 1.
  - 2. Fragments of the amino acid sequence of starch branching enzyme II (SBEII).
- 3. A fragment according to claim 2, having the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID No. 2.
  - 4. An isolated DNA sequence encoding starch branching enzyme II (SBE II) of potato comprising the nucleotide sequence as shown in SEQ ID No. 1 variants thereof resulting from the degeneracy of the genetic code.
- 5. Fragments of the isolated DNA sequence encoding starch branching enzyme II (SBEII) of potato.
  - 6. A fragment according to claim 5, comprising the nucleotide sequence as shown in SEQ ID No. 2.
- 7. A vector comprising the whole or a functionally active part of the isolated DNA sequence claimed in any one of claims 4-6 and regulatory elements active in potato.
  - 8. A vector according to claim 7, wherein the DNA sequence is in the antisense (reversed) orientation in relation to a promoter immediately upstream from the DNA sequence.
  - 9. A process for the production of transgenic potatoes with either an increased or a decreased degree of branching of amylopectin starch, c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that it comprises the following steps:
  - a) transfer and incorporation of a vector according to claim 7 into the genome of a potato cell, and
  - b) regeneration of intact, whole plants from the transformed cells.
  - 35 10. A process for the production of transgenic potatoes with a reduced degree of branching of amylopectin

starch, characterized in that it comprises the following steps:

- a) transfer and incorporation of a vector according to claim 8 into the genome of a potato cell, and
- 5 b) regeneration of intact, whole plants from the transformed cells.
  - 11. A process according to claim 10, wherein the vector also comprises an antisense construct of starch branching enzyme I (SBE I).
- 12. A process according to claims 10 or 11, wherein the vector also comprises an antisense construct of potato granule bound starch synthase II.
  - 13. A process according to one or more of claims 10-12, wherein the vector also comprises an antisense construct of potato soluble starch synthases II and III.
  - 14. A process according to one or more of claims 10--13, wherein the vector also comprises an antisense construct of potato starch disproportionating enzyme (Denzyme).
- 20 15. A process according to one or more of claims 10-14, wherein the vector also comprises an antisense construct of potato starch debranching enzyme.
  - 16. A transgenic potato obtainable by the process according to any one of claims 9-15.
- 25 17. Use of transgenic potatoes according to claim 16 for the production of starch.



# FIG. 2

Peptide 1. EFGVWEIFLPN

Peptide 2. HGLQEFDRA

Peptide 3. ENDGIAAKADE

Peptide 4. YEIDPEI/TN

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)

International application No

PCT/SE 96/01558

### A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC6: C12N 9/10, C12N 15/82, A01H 5/06 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC6: C12N Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched SE, DK, FI, NO classes as above Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) WPI, CA, BIOSIS, EMBL/GENBANK/DDBJ C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category\* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. Х WO 9504826 A1 (INSTITUT FÜR GENBIOLOGISCHE 1-17 FORSCHUNG BERLIN GMBH), 16 February 1995 (16.02.95), see abstract and claim 23 X WO 9214827 A1 (INSTITUT FÜR GENBIOLOGISCHE 1-17 FORSCHUNG BERLIN GMBH), 3 Sept 1992 (03.09.92), see page 5, line 1-7 and examples SE 467160 B (AMYLOGENE HANDELSBOLAG), 1 June 1992 A 1-17 (01.06.92)Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex. Special categories of cited documents: later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand document defining the general state of the art which is not considered the principle or theory underlying the invention to be of particular relevance " JE" erlier document but published on or after the international filing date "X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other step when the document is taken alone special reason (as specified) document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination document published prior to the international filing date but later than being obvious to a person skilled in the art the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 0 1 -03- 1997 27 February 1997 Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Authorized officer Swedish Patent Office Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Yvonne Siösteen Facsimile No. +46 8 666 02 86 Telephone No. +46 8 782 25 00

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Information on patent family members

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